



ALEXANDRIA.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER OBERLY is on record as saying:

"The opinion is not to be tolerated that a man occupies a place in the civil service law, and must therefore surrender his right to take an interest in the politics of the country. No good citizen will do so, and no degree of activity in effort to advance the interest of the party opposed to the administration should, provided his partisan activity in no way interferes with his public duties, render insecure in the service of the Government the position of any person who does not occupy a place the discharge of the duties of which affects public service."

And yet the same identical man now says, that a democrat holding a federal office, who belongs to a democratic club in Washington, is a violator of the penal code of the civil service law, and is justly liable to punishment therefor. What the Commissioner now says is probably correct, according to the civil service law, and, if so, the duty of repealing that law as soon as possible is the more imperative.

THE NEW YORK democrats, aware, as are all other open-eyed people, of the unpopularity of the civil service law, propose that that law be submitted to the American and democratic test of a popular vote. But the mugwumps, who also have their eyes open, knowing that such an un-American and un-democratic law as that referred to, the existence of which is used as a plausible excuse for the retention of republican office holders by a democratic administration, could not possibly stand such a test, and would be rejected by democrats and republicans alike, very naturally oppose the submission of the objectionable law to such a just test, and denounce those who favor that proposal as "spoilsmen"—they and their friends, however, being in possession of the spoils all the same.

THE DECISION of Justice Field, of the U. S. Supreme Court, that the Pacific Railroad Commission has no power to make the Pacific railroads exhibit their books, by rendering the object for which the commission was created unattainable, affords a sufficient reason for the abolition of that commission; but the additional fact, that the commission has already run up a bill of over a hundred thousand dollars with the Central Pacific Railroad for food, wine and other articles, and for the transportation of its members and their families, make its abolition, at the earliest practicable moment, absolutely imperative.

THE Valley Virginian, the best, oldest, and most influential republican newspaper in the State, raps the Washington Republican soundly over the knuckles for its ignorance of Virginia affairs, and for censuring the real republicans of Virginia for their opposition to the boss ship of General Mahone, and takes occasion to say that if the republicans shall be defeated in Virginia this fall, it will be the fault, not of the true republicans of the State, but of Mahone and his jack-men, or words to that effect.

TENNESSEE has followed the example of Texas on the liquor question, and has defeated the prohibition amendment by a large majority. The South, fortunately for her and for the whole country, still continues an uncongenial climate for Northern isms. Long may it be so. Restriction upon personal liberty is a plan that requires no cultivation; once rooted, it grows rapidly, and is as hard to extirpate as wire grass. Moral sentiment and high license are the most effective of all temperance measures.

THE OFFICIAL report of the late Indian troubles in Colorado, just received at the War Department, shows that from beginning to end, and in every single particular, the white people were the aggressors, and that such outrages as occurred were either committed or provoked by white people, and not by the Indians. The white man wants even the little land that the Indians yet hold—hence the Indian "outbreaks."

THE CHICAGO organ of the knights of labor intimates that Mr. Litchman, the general secretary of the order, is short and crooked in his accounts. And yet he draws a large salary, does little work, runs a "scab" office, and lives a luxurious life. The men whose assessments create the fund he has to handle, are sometimes hard pushed to keep from falling behind in their dues.

SOME of the Protestants of this country seem to be sorely troubled because Cardinal Gibbons offered the closing prayer at the recent centennial ceremonies in Philadelphia. The city of London has just elected for its Lord Mayor a Catholic. These two facts indicate that the Protestants of England are more liberal in their views of public affairs than some of those of this country.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1, 1887. According to a Georgia democratic politician of some note, here to day, it turns out after all the denials, that Senator Colquitt may yet be Secretary Lamar's successor, as General Jackson is an aspirant for the Senator's seat, in order to "get even" with Secretary Bayard, who treated him slightly when he was minister to Mexico, and is believed to have many friends in the Georgia legislature who want to assist him in that object—so many that Senator Colquitt may think it wise to get out of his way and accept the Cabinet position, if it be offered him.

The appropriation for the interstate commerce commission for the current year is \$100,000; the commission estimates its next year's expenses at \$200,000, \$159,000 of which are for traveling expenses. The experience of federal commissions, almost without exception, from the electoral commission down, is that they are not only very expensive, but highly injurious, luxuries.

The committee to obtain subscriptions for the Shepherd demonstration that is proposed to be made here next week, estimated the expense thereof at ten thousand dollars, which they expected would be raised in short order. Up to date, after canvassing the entire city, only four thousand dollars have been subscribed.

That only few Texas democrats hold federal offices in this city may well be imagined from the fact that Mr. Chenoweth, first auditor of the Treasury, says he knows only one besides himself.

To day was the time when the new lessees of the National Hotel were to have taken charge of that house. About a month ago the old lessees bought the furniture of the house for \$30,000, and are still running the hotel, and have made no motion to vacate the premises. The new lessees have arrived, one stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel, just above the National, and the other at the St. James, just opposite. They didn't know this morning exactly what to do in the matter, but thought it exceedingly strange that in a city where laws are made, after leasing a house, they should not be allowed to occupy it.

When Gen. W. H. F. Lee, Congressman elect from the Alexandria district, stepped off the train at the Sixth street depot, here, this morning, he was met by sixty-one applicants for office, about half of whom were ladies.

Thursday's GAZETTE has not been delivered to its subscribers here yet; Friday's was delivered this morning. They should be delivered on the evening of publication.

Mr. Ames, the republican nominee for Governor of Massachusetts, was interested in the purchase of confiscated property in Alexandria during the war.

Virginians here say that Mr. Frank Ruffin, second auditor of their State, has prepared a searching and exhaustive report of General Mahone's public life, and that it will soon be issued by the democratic committee of his State as a campaign document. The Virginia democratic association of this city, at their meeting last night, agreed to appropriate to John H. Syphax, colored, of Alexandria county, Virginia, \$5 for every edition of a colored democratic newspaper he shall print between now and the election in Virginia.

The facts that nearly all the federal office holders in Louisiana are now taking an active part in politics, and that Minister Manning has even returned from Mexico and taken the stump there, were officially brought to the attention of the President before he left the city, but he took no notice of them. Louisiana has become a doubtful State, and monkeying is out of place there now.

Under the Moore contract for improving the dals of the Potomac of this city, the work should have been already commenced, but the contractor has been unable to get the machine he expected in the GAZETTE, is out of danger and will soon be well.

Private letters received here from Alabama, state that Mr. Lucien Keith, who was stabbed there some days ago, as previously mentioned in the GAZETTE, is out of danger and will soon be well.

To day's offerings of bonds to the Treasury Department show a slight increase over yesterday's. Up to 12 o'clock the amount was \$103,000, of which \$129,000 were four and \$31,000 four and half per cents.

The International Yacht Race.

Of all the races for the America Cup, none was ever more fairly won than that in which the Volunteer yesterday defeated the Thistle. The yachts started as follows: Thistle 10:40:21. Volunteer 10:40:50. Both yachts went over the line at a terrific clip. The Thistle was to windward, but the Volunteer soon took the lead. They were carrying mainsail, forestaysail, jib and top sail. Both seemed to be flying with the speed of the wind, and it was all that some of the steamboats could do to keep up with them. The wind was blowing twenty-five miles an hour, and the Volunteer was sailing in its very teeth, her bowsprit pointing better than that of her rival. Just behind, but still to windward, the Thistle was cutting the water like a knife. The racers made such brilliant running that the fleet of excursion boats was soon left far in the rear.

On the first tack the Volunteer got to windward of the Thistle. She took five tacks in reaching the outer mark, and the Thistle required six. At 2:35 she turned the stakeboat amid deafening screams from fifty vessels. Seventeen minutes later the Thistle turned the boat and was greeted as the Volunteer had been. When the Volunteer turned she immediately caught the wind and went flying ahead. Both yachts carried mainsail, spinnaker, balloon topsail and club topsail. They were flying before the wind, both yachts rushing along with free sheets and foaming bows. At the finish the wind was fresher, perhaps, than it had been at any time during the day. Away back in the rear, two miles and a half, was the Thistle. The Volunteer rushed up amid blasts upon blasts from steam whistles and crossed the line at 4:23:47. The Thistle following at 4:35:12. In the windward work the Volunteer beat the Thistle 14 minutes 49 seconds. On the run before the wind the Thistle gained on the Volunteer 2 minutes 54 seconds.

"There's no question which is the better boat," said Mr. Robert Clark, one of the owners of the Thistle. "I was not satisfied Tuesday, but I am to day. This is a fair race, and we are fairly beaten."

Mr. Bell, another owner, said: "Of course, I am sadly disappointed at the result, but the Volunteer has certainly beaten us nobly and fairly."

Capt. Timson, of the Volunteer rounded the stake boat, said: "It has been a fair race, and splendidly sailed. We are squarely beaten, and must simply take it as the fortune of war. There is no doubt now which is the faster boat."

The Thistle will remain over here until February, when she will take a cruise to the West Indies, and next fall will go back to Scotland.

Scotchmen in Glasgow are greatly disappointed over the result of the race, but they admit that the Thistle was fairly beaten.

The London Post confesses that the Thistle was fairly and squarely beaten. It suggests that a race from New York to Liverpool be arranged between the two yachts.

The London News says: "England has to learn a lesson from America in this branch of shipbuilding, and had better set about it at once."

MR. GLAZEBROOK DECLARED INNOCENT.

At a meeting of the vestry of St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J., on Thursday night, action was taken on the report of the committee appointed to examine into the charges made at Durham, Conn., against Rector Otis A. Glazebrook. Resolutions were adopted expressing their persuasion of Rector Glazebrook's entire innocence, and the conviction that the parties making the charges were mistaken. The rector is requested to continue his ministrations, and hearty support is pledged him.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Alois W. Allen, a prominent young lawyer, died at his home, near Baydon, Wednesday.

Mr. F. Lewis Marshall has received the nomination of the republicans of Orange county for the House of Delegates.

The stone quarry near Brentsville is in full blast, running night and day, and is unable to supply the demand for the rock.

Walter Allen, a tobacco grower of Amelia county, was instantly killed Thursday afternoon by lightning while firing tobacco in his barn.

Extensive preparations are being made by Marylanders resident in Richmond for the entertainment of the visitors from Maryland at the laying of the corner stone of the Lee monument.

James H. Dunnington, a prominent baconist of Farmville, was instantly killed yesterday at that place by falling, from the rear platform of the sleeper attached to the eastbound passenger train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad.

The Governor has appointed W. H. Stuart, of Washington, and Mr. Joseph R. Anderson, Jr., of Goodland, delegates to represent Virginia at the next National Convention of Cattle Growers, to be held at Kansas City, Mo., October 31 and November 1.

During a severe thunder squall at Norfolk yesterday evening the tug Wm. H. Phillips was struck by lightning and had her mainmast shivered, and was otherwise damaged. The tug Gudney was also struck, and had her flagstaff carried away and her pilot house damaged.

The Leesburg Washingtonian says: "Most of our farmers have commenced seeding their wheat, and from all we can learn, there will not be much difference in the decrease of this and last year. The farmers seem to think they must sow wheat if it bankrupts them. The fine rains this week are just in time for seeding."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The estimated reduction of the public debt for the month of September is \$16,500,000.

David Lyons, the convicted murderer of Joseph F. Quinn, the athlete, in New York, has been sentenced to be hanged November 25.

The socialists and anarchists of London are arranging a mass-meeting to protest against the execution of the Chicago anarchists.

Le Sare Bo, a Chinaman, was hanged in the county jail at San Francisco yesterday for the murder of a fellow countryman, named Chan Ah Chuck, five years ago.

Dr. Maximilian Adolphe Langenbeck, physician in chief of the Prussian army and the author of several well known medical works, is dead. He was in his 70th year.

The case of Ann Offler, charged with the murder of Berj. Brooks, was given to the jury at Romney, Va., yesterday at 11 a. m. At 6 p. m. a message was received from the jury announcing their disagreement, when the judge adjourned the court until 9 o'clock this morning. The general impression is that the jury will be unable to agree.

Jimmy Fitzsimmons, of Boston, and Jack Stewart, of England, fought twenty-one bloody rounds yesterday morning in a West end hall, Boston, in the presence of 300 sports, for a purse of \$300. Over \$2,000 was wagered by outside parties. Jimmy is a native of Ireland, and was born in Limerick. He is 21 years of age, and weighed 133 pounds. Jack Stewart was born in England, has figured in numerous contests, but as far as known, this was his maiden effort in America. Fitzsimmons won the fight.

TRMITY.—When President Cleveland's special train arrived at the depot at Baltimore yesterday morning, five hundred people had assembled at the depot, behind the iron railing, to see the Chief Magistrate and his wife. Most of the spectators were ladies. Mr. Cleveland took no direct notice of the crowd, except once, when he raised his hat. Neither he nor Mrs. Cleveland appeared on the outside of the car, but viewed the assemblage through the plate-glass windows of their car. James Kernan approached the President's car and pounded on the window beside which President Cleveland was sitting, and intimated by his gesture that he wanted the President to address the crowd. This Mr. Cleveland, by a shake of the head declined. Mr. Kernan then boarded the car and shook hands with Mrs. Cleveland. He then shortly slapped the President on the back, to the evident amusement of the latter, at the same time saying: "Groovy, old boy, I'm glad to see you," and repeated his invitation to the President to make a speech. The crowd stared at this phenomenal display of cheek, but was convulsed with laughter.

A ROBBERY AND NEARLY A MURDER.—Mattie Johnson, the young girl arrested with W. J. Gentry, the fish dealer of Richmond, at Newark, N. J., on Thursday, on the charge of robbery and attempted murder in Norfolk, is twenty-three years of age, very pretty, and originally from New York, but went to Norfolk about three months ago from Richmond. A short while ago a Mrs. White discovered that the girl had stolen \$600 in cash from her, and charged her with the theft. Thereupon the girl knocked Mrs. White down, and it was discovered afterwards that she administered chloroform and laudanum to her victim while she lay prostrate from the blow. Mrs. White lay under the influence of the drugs for some time, but finally recovered, the girl making her escape to Richmond with the money. The case was sent in a detective's hands, who went to Richmond to look it up, and found that the girl had gone to New York. He was on his way there when he learned of her arrest.

RICHMOND TERMINAL STOCK.—Richmond Terminal was the most conspicuous stock on 'Change in New York yesterday, showing a net advance of 2½ per cent. The movement was attended by a report of a contest for control. The election is only about sixty days off, and reports are natural, in view of the well known fact that the present organization does not fulfill the expectation of the stockholders. Another reason assigned is the belief that Richmond Terminal is undoubtedly interested in the B. & O. deal, and very advantageously—at that.

COURT OF APPEALS AT STAUNTON, 30th. Stelling vs. Wilkinson. From Rockingham. Argued by James Bumgardner for appellant and W. B. Compton and Winfield Liggett for appellee and continued to the 31 of October for further hearing.

Judge L. L. Lewis was absent, having been called to Richmond by the serious illness of his sister, Mrs. Wheat.

"Those little girls across the street, never go out mamma. They look from the window all day long. Wonder why they don't play out as we do?" "Oh! they're very much to be pitied—their poor mother never has heard of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup."



TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Yesterday's Race.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—In commenting on the yacht race the Telegraph says: "We are whipped and honestly beaten. Nor ought a single ungenuine word be uttered in pugging the honor and glory of the victors. We are sorry to record the victory but the Volunteer is a better all round racing ship. The Thistle could probably out sail the Volunteer on a long sea voyage. The former was defeated but not disgraced. We hope to repeat the challenge in 1888."

The Times says: "It is now perfectly clear that if we are to beat the Americans in their own waters and bring back the cup we must condescend to take a leaf out of their book."

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The Scotchmen on the Thistle seemed to be a little disconcerted this morning. They were in pretty good humor, although unable to satisfactorily explain to themselves how their cutter was so badly beaten. Mr. Bell still insisted that a twenty miles to windward and return course is unfair, but would like to meet the Volunteer in a run to leeward alone. He says the Thistle will enter in any contest with the big sloops where the course suits him. He prefers a square course and would accept a triangle. He says he did not expect to win yesterday, yet did not give up the race until 1 o'clock. A miscalculation as to the position of the outer mark was made, and by this several minutes were lost. Mr. and Mrs. Bell will return home on the 12th inst.

Cyclone in North Carolina.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 1.—Citizens of Chatham township report that a cyclone passed over their section Wednesday afternoon, tearing through the clouds like a big balloon, dipping down and rising again, carrying an eddying mass of fence rails and tree limbs in its circling path. It looked like a big black funnel and it whirled around like a huge top. It was about 100 feet above the surface of the earth, but would occasionally dip down, wrench off the tree tops and sweep up fences. The cyclone traveled at the rate of 35 miles an hour, and made a tremendous roar. It dipped down on the plantation of Mr. Alexander, tore up a number of peach and apple trees, took away the roof of his house, and rising again disappeared in the direction of Philadelphia church. The skies were overcast with heavy clouds, among which a visible commotion was made as the black funnel shaped mass tore its way through.

Railroad Accident.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 1.—A horrible accident occurred on the Columbus and Cincinnati Midland railroad last evening. An express train running at the rate of 35 miles per hour ran into a buggy which was crossing the track at Morgan's Station, about five miles from the city. The buggy contained two aged ladies, Mrs. Susan Bell, a widow who resides in the neighborhood, and her sister-in-law Mrs. E. W. Henderson, who resides at Salem, Iowa. They were on the way to visit a neighbor and were only a few rods from their destination. The buggy was torn to pieces and the two women killed instantly and thrown into a field.

Blown up by Strikers.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 1.—A Uniontown special says: The large boiler and pumps at Bliss and Marshall's Kyle Works were blown to pieces by dynamite on Thursday night. The employees have been on a strike for several weeks and it is supposed that the outrage was committed by some of the strikers. The damage was about \$800. On the same night a party of the strikers surrounded the houses of the non union men for the purpose of driving them away, but the mob was frightened off by armed officers who have been guarding the works. The firm claim that the strike is broken.

Another Yacht to be Built.

GLASGOW, Oct. 1.—Mr. Muir, of Dunbarton, the owner of the yacht Mabel, has determined to build a ninety ton cutter to compete for the America's cup in America next year, unless Mr. Bell again challenges for it. The designer of Mr. Muir's boat will be Mr. Fife, Jr., of Fairlie, and Capt. Robert Duncan, of Gourock, now master of the Marjorie and formerly master of the Madge, will be her captain.

The Potomac Dredging Contract.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The Secretary of War has decided to extend the time for beginning and completing the work of dredging the Potomac river flats for which Rittenhouse Moore, of Mobile, Ala., is the contractor.

Arrival of a Statue.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—The steamer Santiago, from Hull, brings the large bronze statue of Washington, destined for Philadelphia.

LIST OF LETTERS.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice October 1. Persons calling for letters will please say they are advertised.

Advised letters, not called for within thirty days, will be sent to the dead letter office.

Baker, H.
Brown, Miss Mary
Brooke, Gertrude
Butts, Ann
Chamberlain, S. W.
Cradin, Miss Marie
Duggan, Anthony
Dadds, Blanche
Fair, James S.
Goodrich, Mrs. Alice
Grooms, Miss Lizzie
Harrison, George
Harris, Miss Carrie
Harris, Edward
Hicks, Wm Henry
Hollin, Miss Annie
Hodges, Mrs. Mary
Julius, Abraham
Judson, Miss Mabel
Lawrence, M.
Lawrence, Lawrence H.
McFadden, Annie
Matteson, J. C.
Marcher, John E.
Morris, Mrs. Margaret
Morris, Miss Ellen
Mills, Mrs. Annie

Napper, Mrs. Eliza
Nelson, Miss G.
Norris, Mrs. J. A.
Norton, W. C.
Oliver, A. C.
Parker, Chas. Henry
Price, Mrs. Alfred
Payne, Lucy J.
Patterson, Mrs. Margaret
Reynolds, Mrs. Annie L.
Rowles, Mrs. Ann
Rowe, C. S.
Sawyer, Charles
Shelton, Thornton
Sinclair, John L.
Smith, Mrs. Camille P.
Smith, Miss Gertrude
Taylor, Mrs. Elizabeth
Thornton, James
Trapp, S. M.
Walker, Mrs. J. T.
Waterhouse, John
Waters, Capt. J. W.
West, James W.
Weaver, Mrs. L.
Williams, Mrs. Mary
Williams, Rev. Jacob
W. W. HERBERT, P. M.

Mr. Oberly and His Letter.

The letter of Commissioner Oberly as to his construction of the civil service law in relation to democratic State associations has caused some feeling in Washington. At a meeting of the Virginia association last night Mr. L. Q. Washington said: "Mr. Oberly is a member of a commission which, it has seemed to me for some time, has been taking upon itself to supervise the entire government. Mr. Oberly was invited to address the Illinois association, and, as a rule, when a gentleman is invited to address a meeting and is not able to do so, he writes a polite note to that effect. This is the first time since I can recall when a man has embraced such an opportunity to write an insulting and scandalous letter, hurling his insults not only at the association addressed, but at all similar organizations. I regret that Mr. Oberly is not here that he might hear all that I have to say about him and I hope that it will be repeated to him. He says that we have violated the law and are subject to fine or imprisonment at the discretion of the court. I hope the court would have more discretion than Mr. Oberly."

Col. Washington then referred to Mr. Oberly's comparison of the associations with those that existed in the most disgraceful epoch in the history of the Government, which he characterized as unjust. He then reviewed the history of the Virginia association, which was organized during the administration of Mr. Hayes, "in the dark days of radicalism," and had never depended upon office holders and executive favor for its existence. Referring again to the letter he said: "No man is worthy to hold even a clerkship under the Government who would advance such theories. I am at a loss to account for its production, except as an act of idiocy or insanity, or on the theory that the man who wrote it believed that he was voicing the ideas of some superior in office. I challenge Mr. Oberly to make a test-case under his interpretation of the law. We have not violated the law. Virginians respect all laws. We might like to see the civil service law amended so as to give democrats their just share of the offices under this administration; but while it remains as it is, we will respect it, and it is an idiotic slander to say that we have violated it."

He charged Oberly with being an office-seeker, who had come to Washington to get an office, and when he got one kept on until he got a better one, and was now trying to get still a better one.

Speaking of the effect of the letter, he said: "No, we will not disband, and will take no more notice of Mr. Oberly and his letter than of a dog barking behind the fence. I may be too outspoken. I would not talk this way about a high official that I had any respect for, but Mr. Oberly has put himself beyond the pale of such consideration."

R. C. Glascock after reviewing the law and explaining his interpretation of it, said that Mr. Oberly's idea in writing such a letter must have been to destroy the organization of the democratic party. "A Presidential election is approaching," said Mr. Glascock, "and it is a good time to begin to get on the fence. Mr. Oberly might claim reward from the republican party for his service, in helping to defeat the democratic party. I was at the meeting of the Illinois Association last night, and I doubt whether they will ever meet again. They were badly scared last night. But you can't frighten Virginians by any such talk as that. Our association was born under a republican administration, and will not be frightened by any such letter. I am an officeholder, and if I am doing anything for which I ought to be sent to jail, open the doors and I will walk in."

W. C. Macpinn, a Treasury clerk, said: "I am an officeholder, but before I would accept the theories of that letter I would go to work upon the streets to support my family."

W. W. Moffett said: "Mr. Oberly shot off his cannon in the air without knowing anything about us or our organization. He started out with the intention of throwing a bomb into the democratic camp." He characterized the letter as nonsense, and said that in Virginia they were not fighting for or against a high tariff, but for their homes and for the best men for the offices against Mahoneism, but if this is decided to be the construction of the law "we will stick to our association and give up our federal offices."

Chairman Bischoff said that Mr. Oberly had seized the opportunity to furnish material to the republican press and was no longer worthy to be called a democrat. "We came here long before Mr. Oberly," said he, "and I hope that the Virginia democratic association will be here long after the flowers are blowing on his political grave."

A committee was appointed who reported the following:

Resolved, That we condemn the recent letter of John H. Oberly making insinuations reflecting upon this and other democratic State associations; that we repel as false the statement that this association or any of its members has ever violated the law of the land, and the further assertions that they have revived the worst practices of the worst republicans we denounce as a slander, not only upon our association and other kindred associations, but also upon the national democratic administration. This association was organized in the worst days of radicalism, and will continue to perform its mission regardless of Mr. Oberly, so long as the Radical party menaces the liberties and prosperity of the country.

The resolutions were adopted amid loud applause.

GOING WEST.—A letter from Middleburg to the Leesburg Mirror says:

"Mr. S. L. Cochran will leave our community on the 1st of October, to take charge of the Industrial School at Keams Cavern, Arizona. It is a pity that worthy young men find it necessary to leave our mother State and give their energies to other sections. Mr. Cochran taught school in our town, and is deservedly popular with our people, who are glad to know that he has secured a position which will prove profitable and we trust also pleasant to him; we commend him to the people of his contemplated home, who will find in him a well educated teacher and a man of sterling worth, who will perform his duty in every sphere of action; they will also find him a pleasant social companion and genuine Christian gentleman, and we doubt not will add much to the community in which he proposes to live. Mr. Cochran obtained his position through the influence of our representative, Hon. John S. Barbour, who we find fields influence among the appointing powers at our national capital, as well as in his own State where he leads his party to victory at the polls, and we predict that in November the result will sustain his reputation as the best campaign manager the party has in its ranks; and we think our people hold him in such high esteem that he is their choice for, and will be our next Senator, whether 'Billy' is willing or not."

Base Ball.

The record of championship games played by the League clubs to date is as follows:

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Base Ball.

The record of championship games played by the League clubs to date is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Won.	Lost.	
Detroit	77	41	Boston	62	54
Chicago	68	47	Pittsburg	49	68
Philadelphia	64	48	Washington	43	73
New York	66	52	Indianapolis	34	85

In the American Association the St. Louis club leads, followed by Cincinnati, Louisville, Baltimore, Athletic, Brooklyn, Metropolitan and Cleveland.

The Presbytery of Chesapeake.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
The Presbytery of Chesapeake met at Marshall, Va., September 20th at 7:30 p. m.; sermon by the retiring Moderator, Rev. W. H. Robertson. After communion services the Presbytery was constituted with prayer. Elder Chas. P. Janney, of the Leesburg church, was elected Moderator, and Rev. Wm. Diawiddle, D. D., and Elder George Wise, of the Alexandria church, temporary clerks.

Second day.—Narratives from the various churches were read and placed into the hands of the committee.

The Alexandria church, through its Elder, asked and was granted leave to present the call made to the Rev. Jas. I. Venable, of Wytheville, Abingdon Presbytery.

Reports of standing committees were received and acted upon. Regular services were held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The Sunday School Convention was held at 7 p. m. Friday night, and addresses were made by the Revs. Diawiddle, Pitzer, Turnbull and others. These services were very interesting, and the minds of the hearers received deep impressions upon the different phases of Sunday school work.

The Presbytery, by a unanimous vote, requested all the churches within its bounds to hold during October special prayer services in behalf of the great missionary work undertaken by the Rev. D. J. Shoup, a member of the Presbytery, and who expects to sail for his native country (Bulgaria) in a short time; also that a collection for the Bulgarian fund be taken up at these meetings.

Presbytery, after the usual routine business, adjourned this morning. The spring meeting of Presbytery will be held at Farmwell the first Tuesday before the full moon, in the month of April. Number of ministers present 9; elders 7.

During the present year 100 houses have been built along the W. O. & W. R. R. from Alexandria to Round Hill—showing how largely railroads contribute to the progress of a country. The Leesburg Washingtonian says this road has been greatly improved by new rails, new bridges and elegant passenger cars.

An unknown man was burned to death by a fire in a cheap lodging house in Detroit, Mich., at an early hour this morning.

Don't—If a dealer offers you a bottle of Salvation Oil without labels, or wrappings, or in a mutilated or defaced package, don't touch it—Don't buy it at any price, you can rest assured that there is something wrong—it may be a dangerous and worthless counterfeit. Insist upon getting a perfect, unbroken, genuine package.

AUCTION SALES.

TAKE NOTICE, That on the 25th day of October, 1887, I will sell, in obedience to an order of the stockholders and directors of the VIRGINIA MARBLE COMPANY, the following SHARES AND CERTIFICATES OF STOCK, to wit: Certificate No. 11 for 234 shares; certificates Nos. 12 and 13 for 312 shares; certificate No. 16 for 78 shares; certificates Nos. 29 and 30 for 100 shares, and certificate No. 36 for 40 shares. The sale will be made at public auction, at the highest bidder, at 12 m., in front of the postoffice at Marshall, Fauquier county, Va.
sep19 30t H. D. B. NOBBS, President.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Fairfax, made